..... (Original Signature of Member)

117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To impose sanctions and other measures in response to the failure of the Government of the People's Republic of China to allow an investigation into the origins of COVID-19 at suspect laboratories in Wuhan.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. GALLAGHER introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To impose sanctions and other measures in response to the failure of the Government of the People's Republic of China to allow an investigation into the origins of COVID-19 at suspect laboratories in Wuhan.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "COVID-19 Origins5 Accountability Act of 2021".

SEC. 2. MEASURES IN RESPONSE TO FAILURE OF THE GOV ERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA TO ALLOW AN INVESTIGATION OF SUS PECT LABORATORIES IN WUHAN.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—If, by not later than the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, 6 7 the President is unable to certify that the Government of the People's Republic of China has allowed a transparent 8 9 international forensic investigation of suspect laboratories in Wuhan to commence, including of the Wuhan Institute 10 of Virology of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (in this 11 section referred to as "CAS"), the President shall— 12

13 (1) impose the sanctions described in subsection 14 (c) with respect to individuals employed by or pro-15 fessionally affiliated with the state-run CAS, includ-16 ing its more than 100 affiliated institutes and lab-17 oratories, 13 local branches, 2 universities, and more 18 than 430 science and technology enterprises based in 19 the People's Republic of China across 11 industries 20 that were created by CAS or founded with CAS in-21 vestment;

(2) prohibit Federal funding for any joint research or other collaborative projects between United
States-based researchers and CAS researchers
across all academic fields; and

1	(3) prohibit United States-based researchers
2	and institutions that receive Federal funding from
3	engaging in collaborative projects involving gain-of-
4	function research on viruses with individuals or in-
5	stitutions based in the People's Republic of China.
6	(b) TERMINATION.—The requirements of subsection
7	(a) shall terminate on the date on which the Government
8	of the People's Republic of China allows the transparent
9	international forensic investigation described in that sub-
10	section to be conducted and concluded without—
11	(1) imposition of restrictions on the scope or
12	subject matter of the investigation; or
13	(2) limitations on the access of investigators to
14	physical sites, persons of interest, or relevant epide-
15	miological, serological, and virological data.
16	(c) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—The sanctions to be
17	imposed under subsection $(a)(1)$ are the following:
18	(1) Asset blocking.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—The President shall ex-
20	ercise all of the powers granted to the President
21	under the International Emergency Economic
22	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the ex-
23	tent necessary to block and prohibit all trans-
24	actions in property and interests in property de-
25	scribed in subparagraph (B) if such property

and interests in property are in the United
States, come within the United States, or are or
come within the possession or control of a
United States person.
(B) PROPERTY AND INTERESTS IN PROP-
ERTY DESCRIBED.—The property and interests
in property described in this subparagraph are
property or interests in property of—
(i) an individual described in sub-
section $(a)(1)$; or
(ii) any family member or associate
acting for or on behalf of an individual de-
scribed in subsection $(a)(1)$ and to whom
that individual transfers such property or
interests in property after the date on
which the President designates the indi-
vidual for the imposition of sanctions
under that subsection.
(2) INELIGIBILITY FOR VISAS, ADMISSION, OR
PAROLE.—
(A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—An
alien described in subsection (a)(1) is—
(i) inadmissible to the United States;

1	(ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
2	documentation to enter the United States;
3	and
4	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
5	or paroled into the United States or to re-
6	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
7	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
8	seq.).
9	(B) CURRENT VISAS REVOKED.—
10	(i) IN GENERAL.—An alien described
11	in subsection $(a)(1)$ is subject to revocation
12	of any visa or other entry documentation
13	regardless of when the visa or other entry
14	documentation is or was issued.
15	(ii) Immediate effect.—A revoca-
16	tion under clause (i) shall—
17	(I) take effect immediately; and
18	(II) automatically cancel any
19	other valid visa or entry documenta-
20	tion that is in the alien's possession.
21	(d) Implementation; Penalties.—
22	(1) IMPLEMENTATION.—The President may ex-
23	ercise the authorities provided to the President
24	under sections 203 and 205 of the International
25	Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702

and 1704) to the extent necessary to carry out this
 section.

3 (2) PENALTIES.—A person that violates, at-4 tempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a 5 violation of subsection (c)(1) or any regulation, li-6 cense, or order issued to carry out that subsection 7 shall be subject to the penalties set forth in sub-8 sections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the Inter-9 national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 10 U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a person that 11 commits an unlawful act described in subsection (a) 12 of that section.

13 (e) EXCEPTIONS.—

(1) EXCEPTION FOR INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply
to any activity subject to the reporting requirements
under title V of the National Security Act of 1947
(50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or any authorized intelligence activities of the United States.

20 (2)EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH INTER-21 NATIONAL OBLIGATIONS AND FOR LAW ENFORCE-22 ACTIVITIES.—Sanctions under subsection MENT 23 (c)(2) shall not apply with respect to an alien if ad-24 mitting or paroling the alien into the United States 25 is necessary $\overline{7}$

1	(A) to permit the United States to comply
2	with the Agreement regarding the Head-
3	quarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake
4	Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force
5	November 21, 1947, between the United Na-
6	tions and the United States, or other applicable
7	international obligations; or
8	(B) to carry out or assist law enforcement
9	activity in the United States.
10	(3) EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF
11	GOODS.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—The authorities and re-
13	quirements to impose sanctions authorized
14	under this section shall not include the author-
15	ity or a requirement to impose sanctions on the
16	importation of goods.
17	(B) GOOD DEFINED.—In this paragraph,
18	the term "good" means any article, natural or
19	manmade substance, material, supply, or manu-
20	factured product, including inspection and test
21	equipment, and excluding technical data.
22	(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
23	(1) Admission; admitted; alien.—The terms
24	"admission", "admitted", and "alien" have the

meanings given those terms in section 101 of the
 Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).

3 (2) GAIN-OF-FUNCTION.—The term "gain-of4 function", with respect to the study of viruses,
5 means—

6 (A) the use of gene editing to increase the 7 transmissibility, virulence, immunogenicity, or 8 host tropism of a virus by artificially inserting 9 genomic components from one virus into the 10 backbone of another virus, which results in the 11 creation of a new chimeric virus, particularly 12 when the resultant chimeric virus is pathogenic 13 to humans: or

(B) serial passaging in a cell culture to increase the transmissibility, virulence,
immunogenicity, or host tropism of a virus by
selectively applying pressure to a culture to artificially induce its mutation or RNA recombination with one or more viruses.

(3) TRANSPARENT INTERNATIONAL FORENSIC
INVESTIGATION.—The term "transparent international forensic investigation", with respect to investigating the origin of SARS–CoV–2, means an inquiry that is objective, data-driven, inclusive of
broad expertise, subject to independent oversight,

and properly managed to exclude individuals with
 conflicts of interest and under which the following
 takes place:

Relevant research laboratories and 4 (A) 5 hospitals open their records to examination by 6 the investigative team and grant the investiga-7 tive team unfettered access to any and all facili-8 ties and other sites of interest, and to any and 9 all forms of epidemiological or virological data of interest, including serological records per-10 11 taining to the earliest confirmed or suspected 12 cases of COVID-19, or cases of similar illnesses 13 that may have been misdiagnosed, which ap-14 peared in and around Wuhan in the fall and 15 winter of 2019. Investigators document the ve-16 racity and source of the data upon which their 17 analysis is based in a manner that allows inde-18 pendent experts to reproduce their analysis and 19 validate any conclusions they may draw.

(B) The international team is allowed to
perform a full forensic investigation of the
Wuhan Institute of Virology, and if necessary,
the Wuhan Center for Disease Prevention and
Control and the Wuhan Institute of Biological
Products, and all other laboratories in Wuhan

1 that the team might identify as warranting ex-2 amination. The team is allowed to review the 3 biosafety level under which bat coronavirus re-4 search was conducted, and to interview any and 5 all personnel currently or previously employed 6 at those laboratories, or related experts who 7 may have information pertinent to the inves-8 tigation. All laboratory logs and notebooks kept 9 by Shi Zhengli and other researchers at the 10 Wuhan Institute of Virology who have con-11 ducted gain-of-function experiments between 12 2007 and the date of the enactment of this Act, 13 as well as their published and unpublished work 14 in Chinese and English, are presented in a full 15 and unaltered condition for examination by the 16 team. The team is given unlimited access to the 17 full range of virus cultures, isolates, genetic se-18 databases, and patient specimens quences, 19 stored at these facilities as well as all chimeric 20 synthetic viruses grown in vitro by cell culture 21 passaging or engineered by genomic editing be-22 tween 2007 and the date of the enactment of 23 this Act. Such access must include the oppor-24 tunity to examine the Wuhan Institute of 25 Virology's database of approximately 22,000

1 samples and virus sequences, including 15,000 2 taken from bats, which was previously available 3 to the public but taken offline in September 4 2019. The team is further allowed to examine 5 in full all training procedures in effect at the 6 laboratory prior to the pandemic, including 7 those pertaining to record-keeping and safety 8 procedures and strategies to prevent the acci-9 dental escape of potential pathogens.

10 (C) The investigative team analyzes in de-11 tail all research related to the 293 bat 12 coronaviruses reportedly isolated by Shi Zhengli 13 and her team at the Wuhan Institute of Virol-14 between 2012 and 2015, particularly 09V 15 RaTG13 and RaBtCoV/4991, including all virus isolates and cultures. The Wuhan Insti-16 17 tute of Virology discloses the content of all clas-18 sified and unpublished studies that the Institute 19 reportedly conducted with the People's Libera-20 tion Army if such studies involved gain-of-func-21 tion research. The team is able to test all lab-22 oratory personnel for antibodies and other sero-23 logical indicators of past infection of COVID-24 19. The team is given access to all other 25 records kept by the Wuhan Institute of Virol-

ogy, including security logs, surveillance video 1 2 footage, audio recordings, and electronic logs of employees entering and leaving the facility. The 3 4 investigative team is permitted to take samples 5 and conduct testing of the physical facilities 6 where gain-of-function research has been con-7 ducted, including, if necessary, sewer samples. 8 Unfettered access is also granted to the aban-9 doned copper mine in Mojiang Hani Autono-10 County in Yunnan province, where mous 11 Wuhan Institute of Virology researchers are 12 known to have collected bat virus specimens, in-13 cluding of RaTG13, during the decade pre-14 ceding the date of the enactment of this Act.

15 (D) The international team is comprised of 16 members chosen by the governments of the 17 United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, 18 France, the Netherlands, Germany, Australia, 19 Japan, and India. The team includes molecular 20 biologists, virologists, epidemiologists, and ex-21 perts in biosafety and biosecurity. Individuals 22 who have previously ruled out the possibility of 23 either zoonotic transmission or a laboratory 24 leak are disqualified from participation. The 25 Government of the People's Republic of China

1	may appoint Chinese experts to accompany and
2	advise the team as it conducts its work in the
3	People's Republic of China, but the Government
4	of the People's Republic of China has no au-
5	thority to dictate the selection of team members
6	and cannot obstruct the participation of any in-
7	dividual selected by the individual's government
8	for the team. The central, provincial, and mu-
9	nicipal authorities of the People's Republic of
10	China facilitate the work of the investigative
11	team and refrain from imposing any restrictions
12	on the scope, scale, and duration of the inves-
13	tigation.
14	(4) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term
15	"United States person" means—
16	(A) an individual who is a United States
17	citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for perma-
18	nent residence to the United States;
19	(B) an entity organized under the laws of
20	the United States or any jurisdiction within the
21	United States, including a foreign branch of
22	such an entity; or